Money Box	
Problem wording	A grandmother gives her grandson a money box with 5 euros. After that, the grandmoder gives the grandson 1 euro every Sunday. Function introduced: $f(x)=x+5$ .
Purpose	<ul> <li>To foster the development of strategies to perform basic operations.</li> <li>To identify correspondence and covariation relationships between the children's ages.</li> <li>To express the functional relationship in general terms.</li> </ul>
Suggestions for classroom delivery	The teacher introduces the task orally to the classroom, as a whole or in small groups, providing the specific values stated in the problem.
	Each student should be given fake coins and a box representing the money box (see picture) or other manipulatives to perform the operations.
	They should also be given a function table such as the one below to
	be filled in
	Number of Sundays   Money in the box
	1
	2
	5
	15
	100
	Students are prompted to apply operational strategies and identify functional relationships by asking them questions such as:  - How many euros would the grandson have in the box after one Sunday?  - How many euros would the grandson have in the box after two Sundays?

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How many euros would the grandson have in the box after three Sundays?

Non-consecutive questions are also asked, such as:

- How many euros would the grandson have in the box after five Sundays?
- How many euros would the grandson have in the box after 15 Sundays?
- How many euros would the grandson have in the box after 100 Sundays?

After the students have answered questions like the prior ones, they should be induced to generalise the functional relationship identified by asking them others, such as:

- How did you always do to figure out how much money the grandson would have in the box?
- Do you see any link between the number of Sundays and the amount of money the grandson has in the box?